How to Benchmark a Campus in Portfolio Manager®

EPA’s ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool helps you measure and track the energy use, water use, and greenhouse gas emissions of your buildings, all in a secure online environment. You can use the tool to identify under-performing buildings, set investment priorities, verify efficiency improvements, and receive EPA recognition for superior energy performance.

Within Portfolio Manager, you can benchmark single building properties, as well multi-building properties (more commonly referred to as campuses). Benchmarking a campus allows you to measure the performance of single-building properties, while also tracking how these properties contribute to campus-wide performance. For the purposes of this document, the campus-building relationship is described using the following terms:

- **Campus-level terms:** Campus // Parent property // Multi-building property
- **Building-level terms:** Building // Child property // Single-building property

Follow the steps in this document to benchmark your campus, and refer to Appendix A for detailed answers to frequently asked questions about campus benchmarking.

1. **Create a Parent Property**

   The first step in creating a campus is to create the “parent” property and identify the number of “child” properties associated with it. This process follows the same steps as benchmarking a single-building property. **Note:** For more information on how to add a new property, see the Portfolio Manager Quick Start Guide.

   1. Click **Add a Property** on the MyPortfolio tab. This property will be referred to as the parent property, and should represent the total number of buildings on your campus.

   2. Enter general information for the parent property on the Set up a Property page. Be sure to select **More than One** and specify the number of buildings in the Your Property’s Buildings section. **Note:** You do not have to benchmark any of these single buildings separately from the campus if you don’t wish to.
3. On the Basic Property Information page, enter information about the parent property as a whole. Aggregate the gross floor area and occupancy percentage values to account for the totals across all buildings on the campus.

4. On the How is it used? page, enter the required use details to describe the parent property. As always, EPA recommends that you select as few use types as possible by choosing the property use(s) that describe the overall function of the campus. For example, for a college you can select “college/university” only; you do not need to add separate uses for office, dormitory, library, etc.

### Add a Child to the Parent Property

You can include as many single-building properties on your campus as you want. To add a child property to the parent property, click Add a Building on the Summary tab of the parent property. Then, you will have two options:

**Option 1: Add an existing building**

1. If the building you wish to add is already in Portfolio Manager, in the Add a Building already in Portfolio Manager to the property section, search for the existing building by name, location, or Portfolio Manager ID.

2. Select the building to associate with the property and click Add to Property.

**Option 2: Enter a new building**

1. If the building you wish to add is not yet in Portfolio Manager, in the Enter a New Building section, add a new building by entering a name, primary function, and gross floor area, and then click Continue.

2. Enter basic property information and use details. Be sure to enter information for ONLY that building.

Child properties will appear separately in your list of My Properties, and will also show as children on the Summary tab of the Parent Property. You can edit and view information for each child property from either place.

**Note:** Property use information from child properties does not automatically roll up to the campus level. If you make changes to a child property’s use details, be sure to update the parent property to reflect these changes. More information is provided in Appendix A.
Add Meters

After you create the parent and child properties, add meters that track building-level and campus-level energy and water performance. Meters that serve the entire campus, or multiple single-building properties on the campus, must be added at the parent property level. Meters that measure the energy consumption for all or part of a single-building property must be added at the child property level. Portfolio Manager cannot calculate performance metrics for single-building properties within a campus that do not have their own meters.

Keep the following points in mind when you add meter data:

- ✔ Meter data can be entered at the parent or child property level of the campus.
- ✔ Add meter data at the child property level only if a building has its own meter.
- ✔ Enter data at the parent property level when child properties share meters, or when a master campus meter is present.
- ✔ A meter cannot be assigned to multiple child properties.

To create a meter, go to the Meter tab at the parent or child property level, click Add Another Meter, and follow these steps:

1. Select the sources of your property’s energy and your property’s water usage, identify the number of meters, and click Get Started!
2. Click on a meter to enter units and first bill date. If it is a bulk fuel purchase, select the Enter as Delivery? checkbox. Then click Continue.
3. Click the gray arrow next to each meter to expand the section on the Your Meter Entries page. Click Add Another Entry under the meter and enter data. Check Estimation if the data you are entering is not actual measured data.
4. Click Finish Meter Set Up when you have finished entering information for each meter.

For more information about how to add meter data in Portfolio Manager, see How to Get Utility Data Into Portfolio Manager. For additional information about metering issues specific to campuses, see Appendix A.

Confirm Meter Configurations and Associations

After you enter meter data at the parent and child property levels, you must indicate the meter configuration for each child property and for the campus as a whole. For campuses, you must indicate if and how a child property-level meter is associated with the campus in order to calculate accurate campus-level metrics.
1. Specify how each meter should be counted toward your property and individual building totals on the **Meters to add to Total Consumption** page.

2. For the meter configuration of the parent property, you have the option to associate child meters upward to capture their consumption data at the property level.

If you have navigated away from this page, you can return to it via the **Meters** tab for each property. Then click **View/Edit Configuration** in the **Meters for Performance Metrics** section.

**Note:** If energy consumption of a child property meter is also being captured by a master meter at the campus level, the child property meter data should not be included in the campus energy consumption totals, as this would double count energy consumption data.

You may have a situation where you benchmark the total energy for the campus, but at the child property level, you only capture electricity. In this case it is important to correctly configure the meter relationships on the **Meters to add to Total Consumption** page. After you designate which meters to add together, indicate if the “total” represents the entire property’s energy use, or if it is only a portion of total energy use.

### 5 Review Your Campus

Portfolio Manager provides a diagram to help you review the relationship of child properties to the parent property, as you set it up in Portfolio Manager. The diagram also shows the metering arrangements at the level of the child and parent properties. This allows you to see, at a glance, how child properties relate to the parent property, as well as how child property-level meters contribute to campus totals. To view the diagram, click **View as a Diagram** on the property’s **Summary**, **Details**, or **Meters** tab.

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**Learn More!**

To learn more about Portfolio Manager, visit [www.energystar.gov/benchmark](http://www.energystar.gov/benchmark).

To get answers to your questions, visit [www.energystar.gov/buildingshelp](http://www.energystar.gov/buildingshelp).

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Appendix A: Frequently Asked Questions about Campus Benchmarking in Portfolio Manager®

Below is a set of frequently asked questions about benchmarking a campus, which fall into these categories: campus and building-level associations, ENERGY STAR score, metering, reporting, and sharing. If you do not see the answer to your question here, please visit www.energystar.gov/buildingshelp.

Campus and Building-Level Associations

- **Can a single-building property be associated with more than one campus?**
  Yes. This is allowed because there are no “nested” campuses in Portfolio Manager; there are only parent and child properties. A college provides a good example of how you can associate a single-building property with more than one campus. In this example, you could benchmark a college’s ten buildings together, and also benchmark the four dormitories at the college together. In this case, you would create two parent properties (college and dormitories), and associate the dorms with both parent properties.

- **I understand that a single-building property can be associated with a parent property, or campus. Can a building be associated with another building?**
  No. There is no building-to-building relationship in Portfolio Manager. Buildings can only be associated with a parent property.

- **Why doesn’t property use information at the child level automatically roll up to the campus level?**
  The information does not automatically roll up because use details at the campus level could be different than the use details for the child properties that make up the campus. For example, think of a college that includes an office, dormitory, and laboratory. In this case, it is not logical to combine the different use details for the different property use types. If you make changes to a child property’s use details, you should update the parent property to reflect these changes. EPA always recommends that you enter as few uses as possible. Therefore, we would recommend that an entire college campus be benchmarked with one college/university use rather than a myriad of sub-functions. When you follow our recommendations, it will often be the case that your campus is a different use type than child properties associated with that campus.

ENERGY STAR 1-100 Score

- **What types of campuses can receive an ENERGY STAR score?**
  The only multi-building properties eligible to receive an ENERGY STAR 1-100 score at the campus level are those designated as a hotel, hospital, K-12 school, multifamily housing or senior care community. These property types can also earn an ENERGY STAR score as single-building properties.
Metering

✓ Is it possible to associate a single meter to multiple properties?

A meter that serves multiple properties in a campus situation can be associated to the parent property that represents the entire campus, but a meter cannot be assigned to multiple child properties. In addition, a meter cannot be associated with multiple parent properties. In a situation where a meter serves a subset of properties, the individual buildings (properties) on the campus should sub-meter usage on a building-by-building basis.

✓ When I generate metrics for a campus, are the meters from associated child properties automatically included in calculations? If not, how can I include the sub-properties?

Portfolio Manager does not automatically “roll up” information from child properties to the parent property level. As such, metric calculations for a parent property with child buildings will only use data from meters that are directly associated to the parent property. The reason the meters are not rolled up is because meters on the child buildings may be “sub-meters” of energy represented on a master meter at the campus level. Therefore, simply rolling everything up might double count some energy use.

If you would like to associate the same set of meters to both a parent property and its children, you must add the meters to the individual child properties first, and then associate the meters to both the parent and child property. Note that an association must be done at both the parent and child levels, as an association at the parent level only will not trickle down the hierarchy.

Imagine working your way up the hierarchy as you assign meters to single-building, and then multi-building properties. After correctly associating the meters, metrics at both the parent and child level take the meters into account.

Reporting

✓ If I run a spreadsheet report for a campus, will all properties associated with the campus automatically appear in the report?

No. While the child and parent properties are linked through the campus setup, they are still distinct properties within Portfolio Manager, as reflected by their individual listing on the MyPortfolio tab. You must select the children and parents separately when running a report. Likewise, you need to do the same if you are responding to a data request. For more information about reporting and responding to a data request, see www.energystar.gov/buildings/training.

✓ If I run a chart or graph from the Reporting tab, will the parent as well as the children properties be included in the output?

Yes.

Sharing

✓ When I share a parent property, are the children automatically shared?

No. You must share properties individually if you want to grant access to both the parent and child properties on a campus. For more information about sharing, see http://www.energystar.gov/buildings/tools-and-resources/how-share-data-other-users-portfolio-manager.