

## Recognizing Smart Home Energy Management Systems

#### **ENERGY STAR® Products Partner Meeting**

September 6, 2018 3:30 p.m.

Abigail Daken, U.S. EPA Daken.Abigail@epa.gov

Taylor Jantz-Sell, U.S. EPA Jantz-Sell.Taylor@epa.gov





#### **Agenda**

- ENERGY STAR and Smart Home Energy Management Systems (SHEMS)
  - Abigail Daken and Taylor Jantz-Sell U.S. EPA ENERGY STAR
- Operation of Smart Home Systems Insights from Alarm.com
  - Gustaf Lonaeus Alarm.com
- Smart Home Systems and Utility Programs Data, Savings, and Challenges
  - Lara Bonn Vermont Energy Investment Corporation
  - Brad Piper Lockheed Martin
- Next Steps and Working Groups





#### Why ENERGY STAR?



- Consumers and utilities are interested in this space, but also bewildered
- ENERGY STAR is a known and trusted label, backed by impartial, publicly available specifications and test methods
- Part of EPA's brand promise is to make difficult decisions about energy savings simple, as with automated SHEMS energy savings
- Offering a uniform national platform allows for smoother, more coordinated, deployment of incentive programs
- ENERGY STAR SHEMS can be a win for the companies that offer them, for the consumers that want them, and for the environment





#### **ENERGY STAR and the Smart Home: Looking Back**

- 2011 → present: optional "connected" criteria in product specifications (11 product types)
  - Interoperability, use of open standards
  - Energy use reporting
  - Demand response
  - -Standby power limits
- Smart Thermostats (not optional) data reporting to service provider is key to demonstrating savings
- ENERGY STAR specifications for many natively networked products, such as consumer electronics and IT equipment handled differently











# **EPA's ENERGY STAR Smart Home Strategy: Bring Energy Savings Along for the Ride**

As the market for "smart" products and systems grows, EPA aims to help drive and optimize energy savings through their use.

- Guide energy characteristics of smart products and systems
- Explore system models and ways to work with Service Providers
- Leverage the ENERGY STAR brand and position to push energy efficient behaviors and practices into the connected and smart home market





#### Why Smart Home Energy Management Systems and Why Now?

• Device **shipments growing**: 22 million (2016) to 96 million (2026)

Service providers are easing barriers for adoption, proving a central point for end users and an relationship that allows for ongoing evaluation and improvement.

- Connectivity among a system of products represents an opportunity for savings and enhanced customer experience: Better user experience of energy saving modes, Shared occupancy information, Co-optimization of related systems (e.g., lighting and window shades)
- Occupancy information is low hanging fruit for energy savings in these systems
- Additional opportunities exist for sharing information and energy management through connected and coordinated systems (e.g., demand response, load shifting, distributed energy resources balancing solar PV, battery storage, EV charging, etc.)

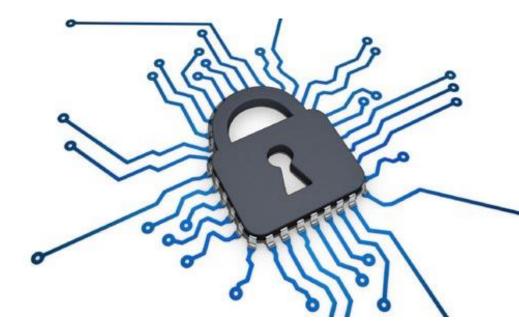
This Photo by Unknown
Author is licensed under CC
BY-NC-ND





#### **A Quick Note on Security**

EPA understands there can be security risks associated with smart products and systems. Recognizing that this is not our area of expertise, we do not intend to take the lead on developing security standards in the smart home market. To the extent that sound security standards arise, EPA may point to them in ENERGY STAR specifications as appropriate.



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under





#### **SHEMS Up To This Point**

June 26, 2018 Discussion Guide

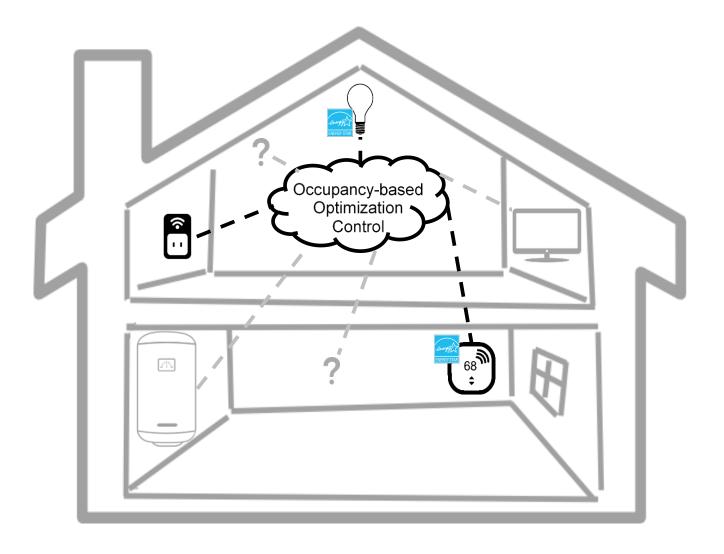
July 11, 2018 Webinar July 27, 2018 Comments Closed Sept 6, 2018 In person meeting





## **ENERGY STAR Smart Home Energy Management Systems Concept**

Hardware + Occupancy Info + Automated Services = Energy Savings







#### **Scope: Potential ENERGY STAR SHEMS**

- Proposed elements of a basic package:
  - 1) ENERGY STAR certified smart thermostat,
  - 2) ENERGY STAR certified lighting,
  - 3) Devices and/or capabilities that address energy used by miscellaneous electrical loads (MELs),
  - The ability to detect occupancy

     (alarm pad, geofencing, remote sensors or sensors built into other devices)
  - 5) Energy optimization algorithms and ability to collect data about optimization
- Add-ons for additional savings, e.g., water heater controller, pool pump controller, connected ESTAR Room AC, automated shades, EV charger, etc.















#### **How Might this Work?**

- Service provider has a package that meets the key criteria
- Shares details for meeting key criteria with EPA
  - 1) Hardware models included in package, potentially with interchangeable options
  - 2) Methods of sensing occupancy
  - 3) Energy optimization strategies based on occupancy
- Compiles and submits to EPA summarized data based on a defined sample (biannual) for verification of actualized savings



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA





#### **Thoughts on Data Reporting**

- Populations of installations to be analyzed: all customers with every basic element of package connected to platform
- For the population, report statistics such as
  - Average number ENERGY STAR certified smart thermostats per installation,
  - 2) Average number of ENERGY STAR certified connected lighting products (bulbs or fixtures) per installation,
  - 3) Average number of MEL control devices per installation,
  - 4) Average number and characterization of other add-on hardware,
  - 5) Decile bins and mean hours subject to optimization per installation (ideally capture the range, i.e., deep optimization vs. shallow), and
  - 6) Average number of user override or opt out events per installation.







#### **Potential Evaluation Method**

- Typically, ENERGY STAR products are tested in labs to yield energy consumption performance.
- In this case, behavioral interactions with users are critical to achieve savings and, therefore, EPA anticipates relying on field data.
- Similar to the method used for ENERGY STAR Smart Thermostats, data could be submitted twice a year to demonstrate continuing product savings.



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC-ND





#### **Key Topics/Questions to Keep in Mind**

- 1. What kind of data is available, relevant, and reasonable to collect and analyze for this purpose?
- 2. What strategies can save energy during an unoccupied hour? Do we know which ones are the best?
- 3. What information would utilities need to be ready to adopt such a program? How can we get that information (pilots, data agreements, etc.)
- 4. How do we deal with promising opportunities that exist in some homes, but not most, e.g., electric water heaters, electric vehicle supply equipment, etc.?
- 5. Which products would stakeholders want to know are connected to the system? E.g., is there value in knowing about dog feeders or battery operated cameras?





#### **Agenda**

- ENERGY STAR and Smart Home Energy Management Systems (SHEMS)
  - Abigail Daken and Taylor Jantz-Sell U.S. EPA ENERGY STAR
- Operation of Smart Home Systems Insights from Alarm.com
  - Gustaf Lonaeus Alarm.com
- Smart Home Systems and Utility Programs Data, Savings, and Challenges
  - Lara Bonn Vermont Energy Investment Corporation
  - Brad Piper Lockheed Martin
- SHEMS Next Steps and Working Groups





#### **Agenda**

- ENERGY STAR and Smart Home Energy Management Systems (SHEMS)
  - Abigail Daken and Taylor Jantz-Sell U.S. EPA ENERGY STAR
- Operation of Smart Home Systems Insights from Alarm.com
  - Gustaf Lonaeus Alarm.com
- Smart Home Systems and Utility Programs Data, Savings, and Challenges
  - Lara Bonn Vermont Energy Investment Corporation
  - Brad Piper Lockheed Martin
- SHEMS Next Steps and Working Groups





#### **Key Topics/Questions to Keep in Mind**

- 1. What kind of data is available, relevant, and reasonable to collect and analyze for this purpose?
- 2. What strategies can save energy during an unoccupied hour? Do we know which ones are the best?
- 3. What information would utilities need to be ready to adopt such a program? How can we get that information (pilots, data agreements, etc.)
- 4. How do we deal with promising opportunities that exist in some homes, but not most, e.g. electric water heaters, electric vehicle supply equipment, etc.?
- 5. Which products would stakeholders want to know are connected to the system? E.g., is there value in knowing about dog feeders or battery operated cameras?





# From NEEP

Check out their other great resources!

Smart Product	Energy savings	Demand response	Load shifting	DER integration
Smart Thermostat		,		
Smart Water Heater				
Smart Appliances: Inflexible timing				
(refrigerators, stoves, ovens, small appliances) Smart Appliances: Flexible timing				
(clothes dryers, clothes washers, dishwashers)				
Smart TV				
Smart plug, outlet, or switch				
Smart Hub				
In-Home Display				
Energy Portal				
Smart Home Platform				
Smart Lighting				

Hot Warm







## **EPA's Next Steps and Opportunities for Engagement**

- Establish working groups
  - -drop your card or write down a contact
  - -email to all stakeholders after the meeting
- EPA to formulate a Draft 1
   specification based on discussions,
   public comments, and follow-up
- Follow along at www.energystar.gov/SHEMS





#### **Intention of Working Groups**

- EPA anticipates each working group to be a diverse combination of invested stakeholders
  - Manufacturers,
  - Energy Efficiency Program Sponsors,
  - Service Providers,
  - Researchers, etc.
- Members are not limited to those in this room right now
- EPA appreciates your time investment and expertise to deliver a program with a strong foundation. At least 2X a month Sept-Dec 2018 (then reassess)
- Goal: to resolve pending questions/decisions which will inform a Draft 1 specification and beyond







#### Working Groups' Focus Areas

#### 1. Utility pilots / data needs

— What utility pilots or data are needed for utilities to support a SHEMS program?

#### 2. Miscellaneous energy loads

 How important is managing MELS with occupancy information and what strategies would lead to the most energy savings?

#### 3. Occupancy detection methods

— Which occupancy detection methods (or features) would be sufficient for this type of program?

#### 4. What counts as an "away" hour

What is a simple and practical way to characterize an hour with effective energy optimization?





#### **Contact Information**

SmartHomeSystems@energystar.gov

Abigail Daken, U.S. EPA Daken.Abigail@epa.gov

Taylor Jantz-Sell, U.S. EPA Jantz-Sell.Taylor@epa.gov





## Smart Homes – A Vermont Perspective



### Who is Efficiency Vermont?

Efficiency Vermont

- Statewide energy efficiency utility
- Sustainable energy solutions for all Vermonters
  - Education
  - Services
  - Rebates and financing



### **Efficiency Vermont's Efforts**

## 2014 HEMS Product Catalog 2015 HEMS, Smart Lighting, & Outlet Control Study



- Map, define, & measure energy use of DIY HEMS & smart lights
- Catalogue consumer use of smart outlets
- Results: Participants dimmed lights 38% of the time & HOU reduction potential

#### **Smart T-stat Efforts**

- 2014/2015 Multi-year Nest Pilot
- Launched smart t-stat rebate 2016 & moved to ENERGY STAR only rebate 2017
- Started Enhanced Services Pilot (i.e. Seasonal Savings with Nest) in 2018







## Efficiency Vermont's Efforts – Cont'd

#### Advanced Res Intelligent Eff Study (ARIES) Pilot

- Launched in 2018 with ~400 households Sense devices
- Determine behavior savings through digital engagement paired with energy efficiency program messaging & surveys
- Device level identification
- Preliminary Results potential savings up to 8% per house

#### **STAT Pilot**

- Tool that includes algorithm to identify thermal shell savings potential in a home using smart t-stat data (leakiness score)
- 2018 pilot ongoing now



### **Smart Homes – Savings Now & Soon**

#### **Opportunities:**

- Grid interactive, rates & load management
- Active control
- Passive adjustments
- Interactive info & data
- Behavior shifts
- Storage & transportation
- Optimizing performance & wholistic system optimization
- House assessments
- Product operability
- Specific product feedback
- Engagement through non-energy benefits: time of engagement, health, safety, security, etc
- And more

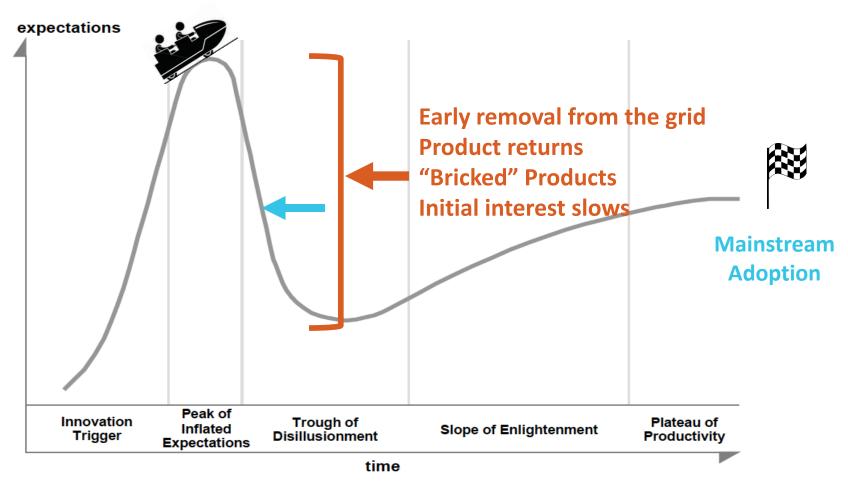


#### **Key Facets:**

- Who: Utilities, Customers,
   Public Sector, Industry,
   (manus, suppliers,
   contractors, service
   professionals, etc)
- What: Individual or grouped or system impact
- What services: Product >
   Installed System >
   Interacting System >
   Interacting Home
- How: Hardware, Software, Service



### **Smart Homes - Challenges**



Hype cycle of technology adoption

- Myriad of devices
- Customer & device adoption & longevity
- Communication protocols
- Overwhelming ways to engage
- Continued
   performance or
   waning interest once
   installed
- System interaction or performance
- And more



### **Broad Themes on Ways to Save**

- Reduce superfluous service (turn off lights)
- Use free service (open shades for light)
- Reduce useful service (dim lights)
- Shift useful service to a different time (dryer to night)
- Take advantage of storage
- Reduce wasted energy (reduce standby power)



#### The Next Frontier

- Promising initial pilots, need more!
- Big opportunity to assess opportunities in many ways, but with whole in mind, especially in advanced control; both in the home and on the grid
- Stakeholders need to be engaged for best design & behavior impact
- Equity needs to be part of the conversation
- EM&V next generation is critical
- Additional discussion & research needed by all of you!





## Thank you!

#### Lara N. Bonn

Ibonn@efficiencyvermont.com 802-540-7853





Smart Home Session – Alarm.com Overview

**Gustaf Lonaeus** 







5.5
Million
Subscribers



Tens of
Millions
Connected
Devices



Over 30
Billion
Data
Points
In the last year alone

# Largest Platform for Intelligently Connected Properties

powered by ALARM.COM®



#### Alarm.com Installers

### 7,000 Authorized Providers

**SECURITY DEALERS** – CPI, Frontpoint, Brinks, ADT

**BUILDERS** – DR Horton, Toll Brothers

**RENTAL PROPERTIES** – HomeAway, Invitation Homes

**HVAC DEALERS** – Mass Save

End to End Partner Support Tools & Services







UPGRADE & SALES TOOLS



Unified Experience



**★**IOS **★WATCH ★** tV **►** Google Play **amazon** echo

Intelligent Solutions















Internet of Things Ecosystem











































Advanced Cloud Platform



# Skybell

## GE Light & ApplianceLinear Dimmer Light Module





































Blub

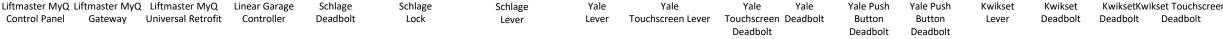






Valve















Outdoor Wi-Fi

IP Camera







1 Channel

Video Server



ADC

SVR

















Copyright © Alarm.com 2018







Interlogix

Concord

Interlogix NX



Interlogix Simon

XT

Qolsys IQ Panel

Partner Ecosystem — EnergyStar Devices Blue

DSC Impassa Interlogix



Interlogix Simon Xti-5



2GIG Go!Control 2 DSC Powerseries Neo



2GIG GC3







2GIG Vario

ADC SEM













Simon XTi





Nest



Module

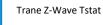








**ADC Smart** Thermostat





2GIG CT-100



TBZ48D



Radio Tstat CT-110 Radio Tstat CT-32







Switch



Module



Evolve Light &

Appliance Module



**Evolve Wall** 

Switch



Outlet



GE Wall

Switch



GE Wall

Outlet





Switch









Qolsys IQ Light Blub

Zipato RGBW Aoetec Bulb DynaQuip WaterFortrezZ Water

Valve



Rachio





















Yale Yale



Kwikset

KwiksetKwikset Touchscree



IP Camera



Mini-Dome

IP Camera



Pan/Tilt

IP Camera





Outdoor PoE

IP Camera



Cameras

















# Suite of Services

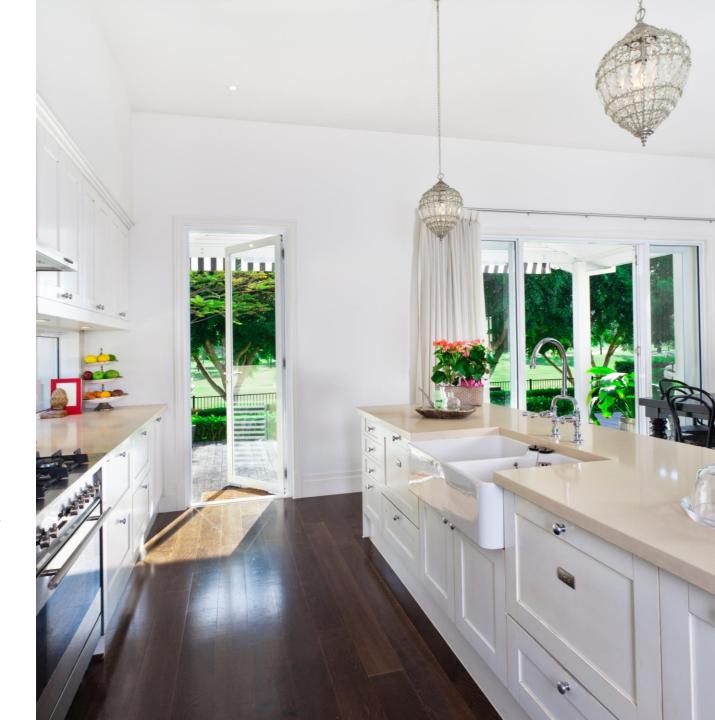
# Energy Saving Features

#### Thermostat schedules and rules

- Sensor left open set backs
- Geolocation driven rules
- Extreme weather setbacks

Switch, light, and large load schedules & sensor triggered rules

Energy data viewing via Green Button, CT clamps





- Alarm.com subsidiary provides
   Demand Response to more than 30 utilities leveraging devices from over 14 platforms
- Thermostats installed as part of security solution are available for DR
- Standard process for Alarm.com customers to enroll, review and participate in DR programs

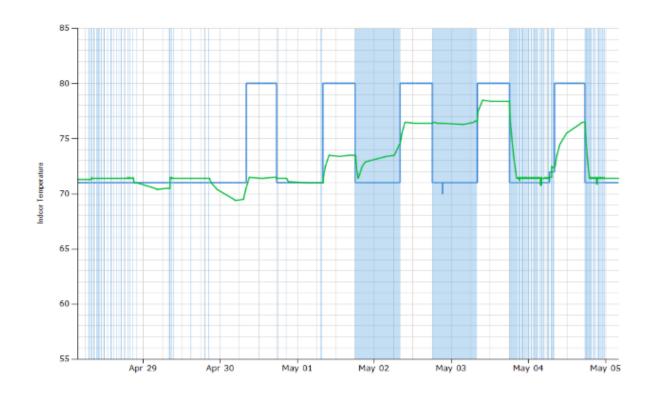


DER and Bring Your Own Thermostat® solutions for the modern utility



# Data-Driven Features

Data from Apartment Building, Tysons Corner





- Indoor Temperature
- Run Time

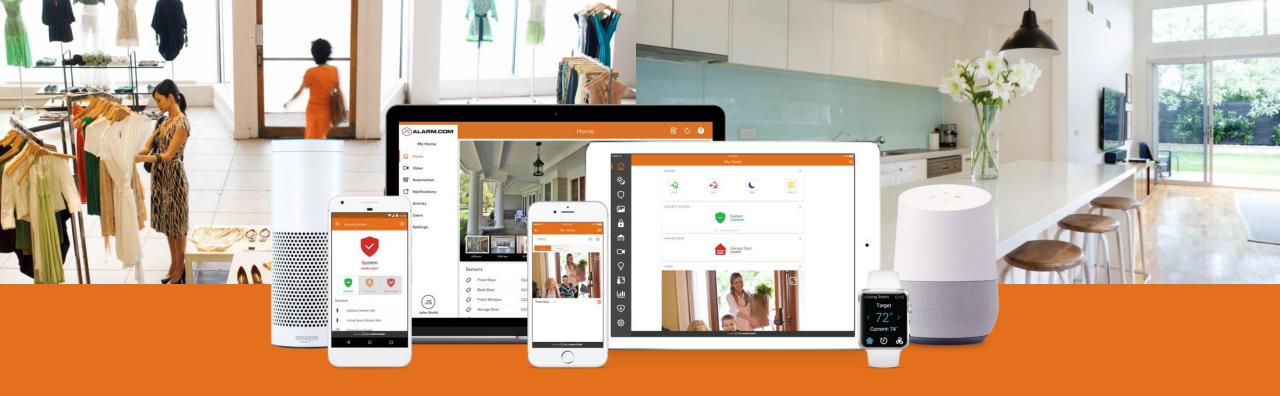
May 1 First hot day of the year. Building-7 p.m. wide air conditioning failure.

May 2 Alarm.com detects system failure, 9:24 a.m. before residents are uncomfortable.

May 3 Customers uncomfortable
11:06 a.m. throughout night. Property
managers notify customers there is
a system failure and repairs will be
made.

May 3 System repaired. 12:30 p.m.

Had facilities acted on information at this point, problem could have could have been resolved more than 24 hours earlier, before residents became uncomfortable.



# Thank You!



# Home Energy Management (HEMS) Validation Pilots

# NYSERDA HEMS Pilot National Grid MA&RI Smart Lighting Study

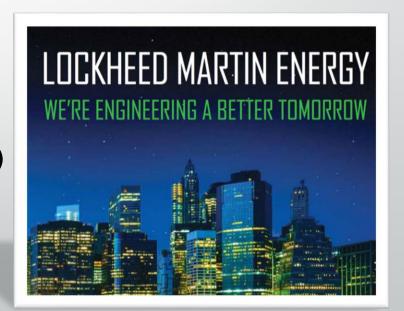


Brad Piper Project Manager



# LM ENERGY'S HEMS HISTORY

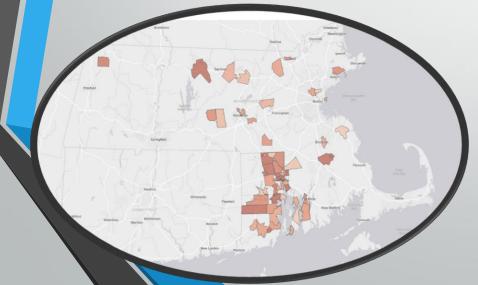
- Multiple Working Group Contributions (2010-)
- First Retail Program Incentive on HEMS (2011-12)
- Conducted Non-traditional Smart Home Manufacturer Survey For NYSERDA (2015)
- NYSERDA HEMS Validation Pilot (2016-2017)
- National Grid MA&RI Smart Lighting Study (2017-2018)





# PILOT OVERVIEW'S





#### **NYSERDA**

- 50 homes Between Albany and Westchester Counties
- Whole Home Power Monitor, Smart Switches, Outlets, Lamps and Thermostats; Room Level and Whole Home Level Occupancy Sensors
- Test and Evaluate Baseload Simulation Validation Methodology
- Completed

#### **National Grid**

- 85 Homes Between MA and RI
- Connected Lamps, Light level (lux) sensors; Room Level and Whole Home Level Occupancy Sensors
- Test and Evaluate Baseload Simulation Validation Methodology
- In Home and Electronic System Trainings
- 12 Month Observation Period
- In Progress

### PILOT DEMOGRAPHICS

#### **NYSERDA**

Survey Size

50

Households



Electric Utilty

61%

27%

12%

Con Edison

National Grid

Others

Heating Fuel Source

AC System

House

Size

63%

37% Oil

Gas

63%

33%

Central AC

Window AC

39%

4%

57%

<1,500 Sq Ft 1,500 - 2,000

>2,000 Sq ft

16%

Household

31%

**53%** 

1-2 persons 3-4 persons

5+ persons

60% of

Households with Children





Participant Gender

33%

Male

Female

#### **National Grid MA&RI**



Survey Size

85

Households



**Participant** Gender

79% Male

Female

21%

6%

Multi-Family

House Type

89%

Single-Family

51%

21% 5+ persons



Household

28% 1-2 persons

58%

3-4 persons

Households with Children House

Size

37% < 1,500 Sq Ft

30% 1,500 - 2,000

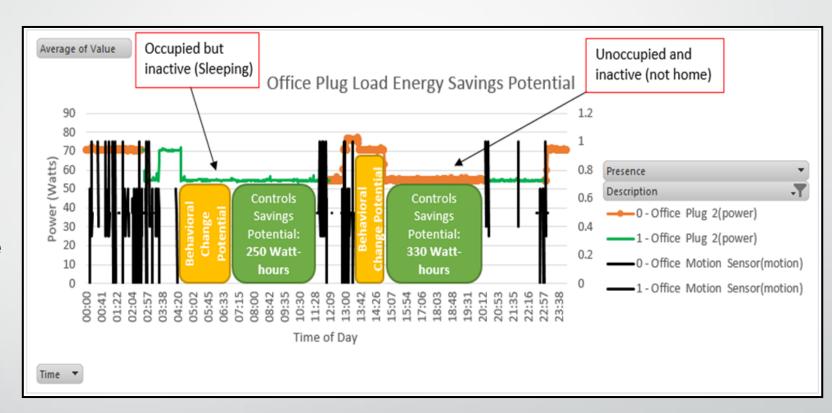
33% > 2,000 Sq Ft

5%

Condo

## DATA COLLECTION & MANAGEMENT

- Collection
- Storage
- Sorting andSyncing MultipleData Streams
- Calculations





# **NYSERDA FINDINGS**

### **Potential Whole Home and Individual Savings**

Smart Device	Electricity Savings (kWh/year)	Heating Fuel Savings (Therms/year)	Cost Savings (\$/year)	Assumptions
Smart Thermostat	688	52	\$174	No existing setback controls
Smart Outlets	341		\$58	15-minute occupied delay
Smart Lamps or Switches	212		\$36	Controls only
Total HEMS Savings	1,241	52	\$268	



Brad Piper
Project Manager
Lockheed Martin Energy
bradley.r.piper@lmco.com