Following are the terms of the ENERGY STAR Partnership Agreement as it pertains to the manufacture and labeling of ENERGY STAR qualified products. The ENERGY STAR Partner must adhere to the following partner commitments:

Qualifying Products
1. Comply with current ENERGY STAR Eligibility Criteria, which define performance requirements and test procedures for consumer refrigeration products. A list of eligible products and their corresponding Eligibility Criteria can be found at www.energystar.gov/specifications.

2. Prior to associating the ENERGY STAR name or mark with any product, obtain written certification of ENERGY STAR qualification from a Certification Body recognized by EPA for consumer refrigeration products. As part of this certification process, products must be tested in a laboratory recognized by EPA to perform consumer refrigeration products testing. A list of EPA-recognized laboratories and Certification Bodies can be found at www.energystar.gov/testingandverification.

Using the ENERGY STAR Name and Marks
3. Comply with current ENERGY STAR Identity Guidelines, which define how the ENERGY STAR name and marks may be used. Partner is responsible for adhering to these guidelines and ensuring that its authorized representatives, such as advertising agencies, dealers, and distributors, are also in compliance. The ENERGY STAR Identity Guidelines are available at www.energystar.gov/logouse.

4. Use the ENERGY STAR name and marks only in association with qualified products. Partner may not refer to itself as an ENERGY STAR Partner unless at least one product is qualified and offered for sale in the U.S. and/or ENERGY STAR partner countries.

5. Provide clear and consistent labeling of ENERGY STAR qualified consumer refrigeration products.

   5.1. The ENERGY STAR mark must be clearly displayed on the top/front of the product (by placement of the ENERGY STAR logo on the Federal Trade Commission’s (FTC’s) EnergyGuide label, on product labels, and/or as a permanent mark), in product literature (i.e., user manuals, spec sheets, etc.), and on the manufacturer’s Internet site where information about ENERGY STAR qualified models is displayed.

   5.2. It is also recommended that the mark appear on the product packaging.

Verifying Ongoing Product Qualification
6. Participate in third-party verification testing through a Certification Body recognized by EPA for consumer refrigeration products, providing full cooperation and timely responses. EPA/DOE may also, at its discretion, conduct tests on products that are referred to as ENERGY STAR qualified. These products may be obtained on the open market, or voluntarily supplied by Partner at the government’s request.
Providing Information to EPA

7. Provide unit shipment data or other market indicators to EPA annually to assist with creation of ENERGY STAR market penetration estimates, as follows:

7.1. Partner must submit the total number of ENERGY STAR qualified consumer refrigeration products shipped in the calendar year or an equivalent measurement as agreed to in advance by EPA and Partner. Partner shall exclude shipments to organizations that rebrand and resell the shipments (unaffiliated private labelers).

7.2. Partner must provide unit shipment data segmented by meaningful product characteristics (e.g., type, capacity, presence of additional functions) as prescribed by EPA.

7.3. Partner must submit unit shipment data for each calendar year to EPA or an EPA-authorized third party, preferably in electronic format, no later than March 1 of the following year.

Submitted unit shipment data will be used by EPA only for program evaluation purposes and will be closely controlled. If requested under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), EPA will argue that the data is exempt. Any information used will be masked by EPA so as to protect the confidentiality of the Partner.

8. Report to EPA any attempts by recognized laboratories or Certification Bodies (CBs) to influence testing or certification results or to engage in discriminatory practices.

9. Notify EPA of a change in the designated responsible party or contacts within 30 days using the My ENERGY STAR Account tool (MESA) available at www.energystar.gov/mesa.

Performance for Special Distinction

In order to receive additional recognition and/or support from EPA for its efforts within the Partnership, the ENERGY STAR Partner may consider the following voluntary measures, and should keep EPA informed on the progress of these efforts:

- Provide quarterly, written updates to EPA as to the efforts undertaken by Partner to increase availability of ENERGY STAR qualified products, and to promote awareness of ENERGY STAR and its message.
- Consider energy efficiency improvements in company facilities and pursue benchmarking buildings through the ENERGY STAR Buildings program.
- Purchase ENERGY STAR qualified products. Revise the company purchasing or procurement specifications to include ENERGY STAR. Provide procurement officials’ contact information to EPA for periodic updates and coordination. Circulate general ENERGY STAR qualified product information to employees for use when purchasing products for their homes.
- Feature the ENERGY STAR mark(s) on Partner website and other promotional materials. If information concerning ENERGY STAR is provided on the Partner website as specified by the ENERGY STAR Web Linking Policy (available in the Partner Resources section of the ENERGY STAR website), EPA may provide links where appropriate to the Partner website.
- Ensure the power management feature is enabled on all ENERGY STAR qualified displays and computers in use in company facilities, particularly upon installation and after service is performed.
- Provide general information about the ENERGY STAR program to employees whose jobs are relevant to the development, marketing, sales, and service of current ENERGY STAR qualified products.
- Provide a simple plan to EPA outlining specific measures Partner plans to undertake beyond the program requirements listed above. By doing so, EPA may be able to coordinate, and communicate Partner’s activities, provide an EPA representative, or include news about the event in the ENERGY STAR newsletter, on the ENERGY STAR website, etc. The plan may be as simple as providing a list of planned activities or milestones of which Partner would like EPA to be aware.
For example, activities may include: (1) increasing the availability of ENERGY STAR qualified products by converting the entire product line within two years to meet ENERGY STAR guidelines; (2) demonstrating the economic and environmental benefits of energy efficiency through special in-store displays twice a year; (3) providing information to users (via the website and user’s manual) about energy-saving features and operating characteristics of ENERGY STAR qualified products; and (4) building awareness of the ENERGY STAR Partnership and brand identity by collaborating with EPA on one print advertorial and one live press event.

- Join EPA's SmartWay Transport Partnership to improve the environmental performance of the company's shipping operations. The SmartWay Transport Partnership works with freight carriers, shippers, and other stakeholders in the goods movement industry to reduce fuel consumption, greenhouse gases, and air pollution. For more information on SmartWay, visit www.epa.gov/smartway.

- Join EPA’s Green Power Partnership. EPA's Green Power Partnership encourages organizations to buy green power as a way to reduce the environmental impacts associated with traditional fossil fuel-based electricity use. The partnership includes a diverse set of organizations including Fortune 500 companies, small and medium businesses, government institutions as well as a growing number of colleges and universities. For more information on Green Power, visit www.epa.gov/greenpower.
Following is the Version 5.1 product specification for ENERGY STAR certified consumer refrigeration products. A product shall meet all of the identified criteria to earn the ENERGY STAR.

1. Definitions: Below are the definitions of the relevant terms in this document. Unless otherwise specified, these definitions are harmonized with definitions in the DOE test procedures at 10 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 430, Subpart B, Appendix A or in 10 CFR § 430.2.

A. Consumer Refrigeration Product: A refrigerator, refrigerator-freezer, freezer, or miscellaneous refrigeration product.

B. Refrigerator: A cabinet, used with one or more doors, that has a source of refrigeration that requires single-phase, alternating current electric energy input only and is capable of maintaining compartment temperatures above 32 °F (0 °C) and below 39 °F (3.9 °C) as determined according to 10 CFR § 429.14(d)(2). A refrigerator may include a compartment capable of maintaining compartment temperatures below 32 °F (0 °C), but does not provide a separate low temperature compartment capable of maintaining compartment temperatures below 8 °F (−13.3 °C) as determined according to 10 CFR § 429.14(d)(2). However, the term does not include: (1) any product that does not include a compressor and condenser unit as an integral part of the cabinet assembly; (2) a cooler; or (3) Any miscellaneous refrigeration product that must comply with an applicable miscellaneous refrigeration product energy conservation standard.

C. Freezer: A cabinet, used with one or more doors, that has a source of refrigeration that requires single-phase, alternating current electric energy input only and is capable of maintaining compartment temperatures of 0 °F (−17.8 °C) or below as determined according to the provisions in § 429.14(d)(2) of this chapter. It does not include any refrigerated cabinet that consists solely of an automatic ice maker and an ice storage bin arranged so that operation of the automatic icemaker fills the bin to its capacity. However, the term does not include: (1) Any product that does not include a compressor and condenser unit as an integral part of the cabinet assembly; or (2) Any miscellaneous refrigeration product that must comply with an applicable miscellaneous refrigeration product energy conservation standard.

D. Refrigerator-Freezer: A cabinet, used with one or more doors, that has a source of refrigeration that requires single-phase, alternating current electric energy input only and consists of two or more compartments where at least one of the compartments is capable of maintaining compartment temperatures above 32 °F (0 °C) and below 39 °F (3.9 °C) as determined according to §429.14(d)(2) of this chapter, and at least one other compartment is capable of maintaining compartment temperatures of 8 °F (−13.3 °C) and may be adjusted by the user to a temperature of 0 °F (−17.8 °C) or below as determined according to 10 CFR § 429.14(d)(2). However, the term does not include: (1) Any product that does not include a compressor and condenser unit as an integral part of the cabinet assembly; or (2) Any miscellaneous refrigeration product that must comply with an applicable miscellaneous refrigeration product energy conservation standard.

E. All-Refrigerator: A refrigerator that does not include a compartment capable of maintaining compartment temperatures below 32 °F (0 °C). An all-refrigerator may include a compartment of 0.50 cubic-foot capacity (14.2 liters) or less for the freezing and storage of ice.
F. **Miscellaneous Refrigeration Product:** A consumer refrigeration product other than a refrigerator, refrigerator-freezer, or freezer, which includes coolers and combination cooler refrigeration products.

G. **Cooler:** A cabinet, used with one or more doors, that has a source of refrigeration capable of operating on single-phase, alternating current and is capable of maintaining compartment temperatures either (1) no lower than 39 °F (3.9 °C); or (2) in a range that extends no lower than 37 °F (2.8 °C) but at least as high as 60 °F (15.6 °C) as determined according to the applicable provisions in 10 CFR §429.61(d)(2).

H. **Combination Cooler Refrigeration Product:** Any cooler-refrigerator, cooler-refrigerator-freezer, or cooler-freezer as defined in 10 CFR §430.2.

I. **Adjusted Volume (AV):** The sum of the fresh food compartment volume in cubic feet, the cooler compartment volume in cubic feet, and the product of an adjustment factor and the net freezer compartment volume. Volumes shall be calculated as described in 10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix A. Volume adjustment factors shall be as prescribed in 10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix A and Appendix B.

J. **Compact Refrigerator/Refrigerator-Freezer/Freezer:** Any refrigerator, refrigerator-freezer or freezer with a total refrigerated volume of less than 7.75 cubic feet (220 liters) (total refrigerated volume as determined in 10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix A and Appendix B).

K. **Built-in Refrigerator/Refrigerator-Freezer/Freezer:** Any refrigerator, refrigerator-freezer, or freezer with 7.75 cubic feet or greater total volume and 24 inches or less depth not including doors, handles, and custom front panels; with sides which are not finished and not designed to be visible after installation; and that is designed, intended, and marketed exclusively (1) to be installed totally encased by cabinetry or panels that are attached during installation; (2) to be securely fastened to adjacent cabinetry, walls or floor; and (3) to either be equipped with an integral factory-finished face or accept a custom front panel.

L. **Freestanding Cooler:** Any cooler, excluding built-in coolers, with a total refrigerated volume of 7.75 cubic feet or greater.

M. **Freestanding Compact Cooler:** Any cooler, excluding built-in compact coolers, with a total refrigerated volume less than 7.75 cubic feet.

N. **Built-in Cooler:** Any cooler with a total refrigerated volume of 7.75 cubic feet or greater and no more than 24 inches in depth, excluding doors, handles, and custom front panels; that is designed, intended, and marketed exclusively to be: (1) installed totally encased by cabinetry or panels that are attached during installation; (2) securely fastened to adjacent cabinetry, walls or floor; (3) equipped with unfinished sides that are not visible after installation; and (4) equipped with an integral factory-finished face or built to accept a custom front panel.

O. **Built-in Compact Cooler:** Any cooler with a total refrigerated volume less than 7.75 cubic feet and no more than 24 inches in depth, excluding doors, handles, and custom front panels, that is designed, intended, and marketed exclusively to be: (1) installed totally encased by cabinetry or panels that are attached during installation; (2) securely fastened to adjacent cabinetry, walls or floor; (3) equipped with unfinished sides that are not visible after installation; and (4) equipped with an integral factory-finished face or built to accept a custom front panel.

P. **Basic Model:** All units of a given type of product (or class thereof) manufactured by one manufacturer; having the same primary energy source; and which have essentially identical electrical, physical, and functional (or hydraulic) characteristics that affect energy consumption, energy efficiency, water consumption, or water efficiency.
2. Scope:

A. Included Products: Products that meet (i) the definition of a Refrigerator, Refrigerator-Freezer, Freezer, or Cooler, including compact and built-in products, as specified herein and (ii) the definition of a consumer product as specified in 10 CFR § 430.2 are eligible for ENERGY STAR certification, with the exception of products listed in Section 2B.

B. Excluded Products: The following products are not eligible for ENERGY STAR certification under this specification:
   (i) commercial refrigeration equipment (as defined in 10 CFR § 431.62)
   (ii) products with a total refrigerated volume exceeding 39 cubic feet
   (iii) Combination Cooler Refrigeration Products
   (iv) products that do not meet the definition of a Refrigerator, Refrigerator-Freezer, Freezer, or Cooler
   (v) products that are covered under other ENERGY STAR product specifications (e.g. Commercial Refrigerators)

3. Certification Criteria:

A. Energy Use Requirements

   1. Annual Energy Consumption \( (AEC) \) shall be less than or equal to Maximum Annual Energy Consumption \( (AEC_{MAX}) \), as calculated per Equation 1.

   Equation 1: Calculation of Maximum Annual Energy Consumption Requirement

   \[
   AEC_{MAX} = AEC_{BASE} + AEC_{ADD,i}
   \]

   where,

   \( AEC_{BASE} \) is the annual energy consumption base allowance, per Table 1; and

   \( AEC_{ADD,i} \) is an annual energy functional adder, per Table 2
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Class</th>
<th>Annual Energy Consumption Base Allowance, $AEC_{BASE}$ (kWh/year)$^1$</th>
<th>% Less Energy than Federal Standard Measured Energy Use$^2$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Refrigerator-freezers and refrigerators other than all-refrigerators with manual defrost.</td>
<td>$7.19 \times AV + 202.5$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1A. All-refrigerators—manual defrost.</td>
<td>$6.11 \times AV + 174.2$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Refrigerator-freezers—partial automatic defrost.</td>
<td>$7.19 \times AV + 202.5$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>$7.26 \times AV + 210.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3–BI. Built-in refrigerator-freezer—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>$8.24 \times AV + 238.4$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3I. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$7.26 \times AV + 294.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3I–BI. Built-in refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$8.24 \times AV + 322.4$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3A. All-refrigerators—automatic defrost.</td>
<td>$6.36 \times AV + 181.4$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3A–BI. Built-in All-refrigerators—automatic defrost.</td>
<td>$7.22 \times AV + 205.7$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$7.66 \times AV + 268.0$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4–BI. Built-In Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>$9.20 \times AV + 321.7$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4I. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$7.66 \times AV + 352.0$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4I–BI. Built-In Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$9.20 \times AV + 405.7$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>$7.97 \times AV + 285.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5–BI. Built-In Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>$8.46 \times AV + 303.2$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5I. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$7.97 \times AV + 369.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5I–BI. Built-In Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker without through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$8.46 \times AV + 387.2$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5A. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer with through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$8.33 \times AV + 436.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5A–BI. Built-in refrigerator-freezer—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer with through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$8.85 \times AV + 458.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer with through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$7.56 \times AV + 355.3$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer with through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$7.69 \times AV + 397.9$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7-BI. Built-in refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer with through-the-door ice service.</td>
<td>$9.23 \times AV + 460.7$</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$^1$ $AV =$ Total adjusted volume, expressed in ft$^3$ (as calculated in 10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix A and Appendix B)

$^2$ Refers to the measured energy consumption of the model according to the DOE test method (see Section 5B), without the application of any adders, such as for models with an automatic icemaker.

ENERGY STAR Program Requirements for Consumer Refrigeration Products – Eligibility Criteria 4
### Table 1 (cont.): Annual Energy Consumption Base Allowances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Class</th>
<th>Annual Energy Consumption Base Allowance, $AEC_{BASE}$ (kWh/year)$^1$</th>
<th>% Less Energy than Federal Standard Measured Energy Use$^2$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Full-Size Freezers</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Upright freezers with manual defrost.</td>
<td>5.01 * AV + 174.3</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Upright freezers with automatic defrost without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>7.76 * AV + 205.5</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9I. Upright freezers with automatic defrost with an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>7.76 * AV + 289.5</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9-BI. Built-In Upright freezers with automatic defrost without an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>8.87 * AV + 234.8</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9I-BI. Built-In Upright freezers with automatic defrost with an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>8.87 * AV + 318.8</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Chest freezers and all other freezers except compact freezers.</td>
<td>6.56 * AV + 97.0</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10A. Chest freezers with automatic defrost.</td>
<td>9.22 * AV + 133.3</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Compact Refrigerators and Refrigerator-Freezers</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Compact refrigerator-freezers and refrigerators other than all-refrigerators with manual defrost.</td>
<td>8.13 * AV + 227.1</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11A. Compact all-refrigerators—manual defrost.</td>
<td>7.06 * AV + 197.2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Compact refrigerator-freezer—partial automatic defrost.</td>
<td>5.32 * AV + 302.2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Compact refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer.</td>
<td>10.62 * AV + 305.3</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13I. Compact refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with top-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>10.62 * AV + 389.3</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13A. Compact all-refrigerators—automatic defrost.</td>
<td>8.25 * AV + 233.4</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Compact refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer.</td>
<td>6.14 * AV + 411.2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14I. Compact refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with side-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>6.14 * AV + 495.2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Compact refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer.</td>
<td>10.62 * AV + 305.3</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15I. Compact refrigerator-freezers—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer with an automatic icemaker.</td>
<td>10.62 * AV + 389.3</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Compact upright freezers with manual defrost.</td>
<td>7.79 * AV + 203.1</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Compact upright freezers with automatic defrost.</td>
<td>9.15 * AV + 316.7</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Compact chest freezers.</td>
<td>8.33 * AV + 123.1</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Coolers</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Built-in compact</td>
<td>5.52 * AV + 109.1</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Built-in</td>
<td>5.52 * AV + 109.1</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Freestanding compact</td>
<td>6.30 * AV + 124.6</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Freestanding</td>
<td>7.09 * AV + 140.2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

$^1$ AV = Total adjusted volume, expressed in ft$^3$ (as calculated in 10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix A and Appendix B)

$^2$ Refers to the measured energy consumption of the model according to the DOE test method (see Section 5B), without the application of any adders, such as for models with an automatic icemaker.
Table 2: Annual Energy Functional Adders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Product Class</th>
<th>Annual Energy Consumption Allowance, $AEC_{ADD,1}$ (kWh/year)$^3$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connected Functionality$^1$</td>
<td>All Refrigerator, Refrigerator-Freezer, and Freezer (excluding Cooler) product classes in Table 1.</td>
<td>$0.05 \times AEC_{BASE}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other$^2$</td>
<td>All product classes in Table 1.</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$^1$To be eligible for the allowance, the model must satisfy the requirements described in Section 5D.

$^2$All models that do not satisfy the requirements described in Section 5D.

$^3$Calculated allowance shall be rounded down to the nearest tenth before being applied in Equation 1.

B. **Determination of Adjusted Volume:** Adjusted Volume (AV) shall be calculated in accordance with the DOE test procedure in 10 CFR 430 Subpart B, Appendix A and Appendix B.

C. **Significant Digits and Rounding:**
   1. All calculations shall be carried out as specified in 10 CFR 430 Subpart B, Appendix A, Appendix B, and 10 CFR § 430.23(a)(5), (b)(5), and (ff)(5).
   2. The Maximum Annual Energy Consumption specification limit, as determined by Equation 1, shall be rounded off to the nearest kWh per year. If the calculation is halfway between the nearest two kWh per year values, the Maximum Annual Energy Consumption shall be rounded up to the higher of these values.

D. **Model Numbers:** Model numbers used for ENERGY STAR certified product submissions shall be consistent with Federal Trade Commission (FTC) and Department of Energy (DOE) submissions.

4. **Connected Product Criteria:**

A. **Connected Refrigerator, Freezer, or Refrigerator-Freezer System**

To be recognized as connected and to be eligible for the connected allowance, a “connected refrigerator, freezer, or refrigerator-freezer system” (Connected R/F System, as shown in Figure 1.) shall include the base refrigerator, freezer, or refrigerator-freezer plus all elements (hardware, software) required to enable communication in response to consumer-authorized energy related commands (not including third-party remote management which may be made available solely at the discretion of the manufacturer). These elements may be resident inside or outside of the base appliance. This capability shall be supported through one or more means, as identified in Section 4B2.

The specific design and implementation of the Connected R/F System is at the manufacturer’s discretion provided it is interoperable with other devices via open communications protocol and enables economical, consumer-authorized third party access to the functionalities provided for in Sections 4D, 4F, 4G and 4H. The capabilities shall be supported through one or more means, as identified in Section 4B2. A product that enables economical and direct, on-premises, open-standards based interconnection is the preferred option for meeting this requirement, but alternative approaches are also acceptable.

The product must continue to comply with the applicable product safety standards – the addition of the functionality described below shall not override existing safety protections and functions. The appliance must meet manufacturer’s internal minimum performance guidelines, e.g., food preservation.
B. Communications

1. Open Standards – Communication with entities outside the Connected R/F System that enables connected functionality (Sections 4D, 4F, 4G and 4H) must use, for all communication layers, standards that are:
   a. Included in the Smart Grid Interoperability Panel (SGIP) Catalog of Standards,¹ and/or
   b. Included in the NIST Smart Grid framework Tables 4.1 and 4.2, and/or
   c. Adopted by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) or another well-established international standards organization such as the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC), International Telecommunication Union (ITU), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), or Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

2. Communications Hardware Architecture – Communication with entities outside the Connected R/F System that enables connected functionality (Sections 4D through 4H) shall be enabled by any of the following means, according to the manufacturer's preference:
   a. Built-in communication technology
   b. Manufacturer-specific external communication module(s) and/or device(s)
   c. Open standards-based communication port on the appliance combined with open standards-based communications module
   d. Open standards-based communication port(s) on the appliance in addition to a, b or c, above

   If option b or c is used, the communication module/device(s) must be easy for a consumer to install and shipped with the appliance, provided to the consumer at the time of sale, or provided to the consumer in a reasonable amount of time after the sale.

C. Open Access

To enable interconnection with the product, in addition to Section 4B1 that requires open-standards, an interface specification, API or similar documentation shall be made available to interested parties that at a minimum, allows transmission, reception, and interpretation of the following information:

1. Energy Consumption Reporting specified in Section 4D (must include accuracy, units and measurement interval);
2. Operational Status, User Settings & Messages specified in Section 4F (if transmitted via a communication link);
3. Communications required to enable Delay Defrost Capability specified in Section 4G; and
4. Demand Response specified in Section 4H.

D. Energy Consumption Reporting

In order to enable simple, actionable energy use feedback to consumers and consumer authorized energy use reporting to 3rd parties, the product shall be capable of transmitting energy consumption data via a communication link to energy management systems and other consumer authorized devices, services, or applications. This data shall be representative of the product's interval energy consumption. It is recommended that data be reported in watt-hours for intervals of 15 minutes or less, however, representative data may also be reported in alternate units and intervals as specified in the product manufacturer’s interface specification or API detailed in Section 4C.

The product may also provide energy use feedback to the consumer on the product itself. On-product feedback, if provided, may be in units and format chosen by the manufacturer (e.g., $/month).

E. Remote Management

The product shall be capable of receiving and responding to consumer authorized remote requests (not including third-party remote management which may be made available solely at the discretion of the manufacturer), via a communication link, similar to consumer controllable functions on the product. The product is not required to respond to remote requests that would compromise performance and/or product safety as determined by the product manufacturer.

F. Operational Status, User Settings & Messages

1. The product shall be capable of providing the following information to energy management systems and other consumer authorized devices, services, or applications via a communication link:
   - Demand Response (DR) status (e.g., normal operation, delay appliance load, temporary appliance load reduction).

2. The product shall be capable of providing the following information on the product and/or to energy management systems and other consumer authorized devices, services, or applications via a communication link:
   - At least two types of messages relevant to the energy consumption of the product. For example, messages for refrigerators, refrigerator-freezers and freezers, might address: door left open notification, a notification that product lost power, a reminder to clean refrigerator coils, or report of energy consumption that is outside the product’s normal range.

G. Delay Defrost Capability

When interconnected with an energy management system or other consumer authorized device, service, or application via a communication link, products with automatic defrost shall have a delay defrost
capability active by default, where the consumer can input or the product itself shall identify, the time of
day, and the product shall automatically move the defrost function outside of a 4-hour deferral period.
The default deferral period is seasonal and has been defined to align with both summer and winter peak
energy demand periods, as follows:

- 6am to 10am – November 1 through April 30
- 3pm to 7pm – May 1 through October 31

The product shall provide an option for the consumer and/or consumer authorized 3rd party to modify
scheduling and functional status of this capability in order to, for example: respond to a short term request
from the utility, align defrost avoidance periods with on-peak periods for their utility, or enable/disable the
capability.

In the event of a power outage, after power is restored the product shall not require any interaction from
the consumer to maintain this defrost deferral feature with the same settings as prior to the power outage.

Exceptions:

- Once the consumer enrolls in a program that sends consumer-authorized signals to the R/F System,
the Delay Defrost capability, as defined in this section, shall be disabled. The product may include an
optional transition period of up to 24-hours after enrollment, during which the R/F System is not
required to provide either Delay Defrost capability or DR capability as defined in Section 4H.
- A refrigerator, refrigerator-freezer or freezer with manual defrost or partial automatic defrost is not
required to provide Delay Defrost Capability.

H. Demand Response

A connected refrigerator, freezer or refrigerator-freezer shall have the capability to receive, interpret and
act upon consumer-authorized signals by automatically adjusting its operation depending on both the
signal’s contents and settings from consumers. At a minimum, the product shall be capable of providing
the following:

1. **Delay Appliance Load Capability**: The capability of the product to respond to a signal by providing a
   moderate load reduction for the duration of a delay period.
   a. Upon receipt of signal and in accordance with consumer settings, except as permitted below, the
      product shall:
      i. Shift its defrost cycle(s) beyond the delay period, and
      ii. Either shift ice maker cycles beyond the delay period or reduce its average power draw
during the delay period by at least 13% relative to the average power draw drawn during an
average load over a 24-hour period as defined by the DOE Baseline in the ENERGY STAR
Test Method to Validate Demand Response (May 2013).
   b. Exceptions:
      i. The product is not required to provide a response in accordance with Section 4H1(a) if the
         signal requests the delay load period to begin while a defrost heater is engaged. That defrost
cycle may finish, however, no additional defrost cycle(s) shall occur during the delay period,
and/or
      ii. The product is not required to provide a response in accordance with Section 4H1(a)(ii) if the
defrost appliance load signal requests the delay load period to begin while the product is in an
ice-maker harvest/refill cycle. The product must however, continue to provide a response in
accordance with Section 4H1(a)(i).
   c. Default settings – The product shall ship with default settings that enable a response in
      accordance with 4H1(a) for at least 4 hours.
d. Consumer override – The consumer shall be able to override the product’s Delay Appliance Load response before or during a delay period.

e. The product shall be able to provide at least one Delay Appliance Load response in a rolling 24-hour period.

2. Temporary Appliance Load Reduction Capability: The capability of the product to respond to a signal by providing an aggressive load reduction for a short time period, typically 10 minutes.

a. Upon receipt of signal and in accordance with consumer settings, except as permitted below, the product shall restrict its average power draw during the load reduction period to no more than 50% of the average power draw during an average load over a 24-hour period as defined by the DOE Baseline in the Test Method to Validate Demand Response.

b. Exceptions – Under the following conditions, the product is not required to provide a response in accordance with Section 4H2(a):
   i. If a signal is received while a defrost heater is engaged, that defrost cycle may finish. However, no additional defrost cycle(s) shall occur during the time period, and/or
   ii. If there is a consumer-initiated function such as a door opening or ice/water dispensing during the load reduction period.

c. Default settings - The product shall ship with default settings that enable a response in accordance with Section 4H2(a) for a time period of least 10 minutes.

d. Consumer override – The consumer shall be able to override the product’s Temporary Appliance Load Reduction response before or during a load reduction period.

e. The product shall be able to provide at least one Temporary Appliance Load Reduction response in a rolling 24-hour period.

I. Information to Consumers

If additional modules, devices, services, and/or infrastructure are part of the configuration required to activate the product’s communications capabilities, prominent labels, or other forms of consumer notifications with instructions shall be displayed at the point of purchase and in the product literature. These shall provide specific information on what consumers must do to activate these capabilities (e.g. “This product has WiFi capability and requires Internet connectivity and a wireless router to enable interconnection with an Energy Management System, and/or with other external devices, systems or applications.”).

5. Test Requirements:

A. One of the following sampling plans shall be used to test energy performance for certification to ENERGY STAR:
   1. A representative unit shall be selected for testing based on the definition for Basic Model provided in Section 1; or
   2. Units shall be selected for testing per the sampling requirements defined in 10 CFR § 429.14 for consumer refrigerators, refrigerator-freezers and freezers or 10 CFR § 429.61 for consumer miscellaneous refrigeration products.

B. When testing energy consumption of consumer refrigeration products, the following test methods shall be used to determine ENERGY STAR certification:
Table 3: Test Methods for ENERGY STAR Certification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENERGY STAR Requirement</th>
<th>Test Method Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Energy Consumption (kWh/year)</td>
<td>10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix A – Uniform Test Method for Measuring the Energy Consumption of Refrigerators, Refrigerator-Freezers, and Miscellaneous Refrigeration Products</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. When determining energy performance for purposes of ENERGY STAR certification, the principles of interpretation, contained in 10 CFR § 430.23 (a)(7), (b)(7), and (ff)(7), should be applied to the test procedure.

D. Compliance with Connected functionality, as specified in Section 4, shall be through examination of product and/or product documentation. In addition, demand response functionality shall be verified using the ENERGY STAR Test Method to Validate Demand Response (May 2013) in order to be eligible for the connected allowance.

6. **Effective Date:** The ENERGY STAR Consumer Refrigeration Products specification (formerly the ENERGY STAR Residential Refrigerators and Freezers specification) shall take effect on **September 15, 2014**. To certify for ENERGY STAR, a product model shall meet the ENERGY STAR specification in effect on the model’s date of manufacture. The date of manufacture is specific to each unit and is the date (e.g., month and year) on which a unit is considered to be completely assembled.

7. **Future Specification Revisions:** EPA reserves the right to change the specification should technological and/or market changes affect its usefulness to consumers, industry or the environment. In keeping with current policy, revisions to the specification are arrived at through industry discussions. In the event of a specification revision, please note that ENERGY STAR certification is not automatically granted for the life of a product model.