



ENERGY STAR Single-Family New Homes Pacific Program Requirements, Version 3 (Rev. 14)

**These Program Requirements shall only be used in Guam, Hawaii,
& the Northern Mariana Islands**

Eligibility Requirements

Site-built or modular ¹ detached Dwellings ² (e.g., single-family homes and duplexes) and Townhouses ³ are eligible to participate in the ENERGY STAR Single-Family New Homes (SFNH) program. To determine the applicable SFNH program requirements, including the minimum Version and Revision, to which a home is eligible to be certified, visit www.energystar.gov/SFNHversions.

Dwelling Units in certain low-rise multifamily buildings are also eligible to participate in the ENERGY STAR SFNH program if permitted prior to July 1, 2021. See Footnote 4 for details. ⁴

While primarily intended for new construction, existing homes (e.g., undergoing a substantial reconstruction or rehabilitation) are also eligible to participate in the ENERGY STAR SFNH program, with guidance available at: www.energystar.gov/RehabGuidance.

For information about other ENERGY STAR residential new construction programs, visit www.energystar.gov/newhomesrequirements.

Note that compliance with these requirements is not intended to imply compliance with all local code requirements. ⁵

Partnership, Training, and Credentialing Requirements

The following requirements must be met prior to certifying homes:

- Builders are required to sign an ENERGY STAR Partnership Agreement and complete the online Version 3 Builder Orientation, which can be found at www.energystar.gov/homesPA.
- HVAC installing contractors are required to be credentialed by an EPA-recognized HVAC Quality Installation Training and Oversight Organization (H-QUITO). An explanation of this process can be found at www.energystar.gov/newhomesHVAC.
- Energy Rating Companies (e.g., rater companies and Providers ⁶) are required to sign an ENERGY STAR Partnership Agreement, which can be found at www.energystar.gov/homesPA.
- Raters ⁷ are required to complete EPA-recognized training which can be found at www.energystar.gov/newhomestraining, and be credentialed by a Home Certification Organization (HCO) ⁸ prior to completing inspections. Learn more at www.energystar.gov/hco.

ENERGY STAR Certification Process for the Pacific

1. The certification process provides flexibility to select a custom combination of measures for each home that is equivalent in performance to the minimum requirements of the ENERGY STAR Reference Design Home, Exhibit 1, as assessed through energy modeling. An EPA-recognized HCO's Approved Software Rating Tool shall automatically determine the ENERGY STAR ERI Target, which is the highest ERI value that each rated home may achieve to earn the ENERGY STAR. ⁹
2. Using the same software program, configure the preferred set of efficiency measures for the home to be certified and verify that the resulting ERI meets or exceeds the ENERGY STAR ERI Target, as determined in Step 1.

Note that, regardless of the measures selected, Mandatory Requirements for All Certified Homes in Exhibit 2 are also required and impose certain constraints on the efficiency measures selected (e.g., window performance, duct leakage). Furthermore, on-site power generation may only be used to meet the ENERGY STAR ERI Target for homes that are larger than the Benchmark Home and only for the incremental change in ENERGY STAR ERI Target caused by the Size Adjustment Factor. ¹⁰

3. Construct the home using the measures selected in Step 2 and the Mandatory Requirements for All Certified Homes, Exhibit 2.
4. Using a Rater, verify that all requirements have been met in accordance with the Mandatory Requirements for All Certified Homes and with the inspection procedures for minimum rated features in ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301, Appendix B. ⁷ If drywall will be installed, this will require a minimum of two inspections: one at pre-drywall and the other at final. All items shall be verified for each certified home and sampling protocols shall not be used. For modular homes, a Rater must verify any requirement in the plant not able to be verified on-site because a feature will be concealed prior to shipment. Finally, submit the home to the HCO for final certification and follow the HCO's certification and oversight procedures (e.g., quality assurance, recordkeeping, and reporting). The Rater is required to keep electronic or hard copies of the completed and signed Rater checklists and the National HVAC Design Report.

The Rater must review all items on the Rater checklists to verify that each inspection checklist item has been met within program-defined tolerances.

In the event that a Rater determines that a program requirement has not been met, the home cannot earn the ENERGY STAR until the item is corrected. If correction of the item is not possible, the home cannot earn the ENERGY STAR. In the event that an item on a Rater checklist cannot be inspected by the Rater, the home also cannot earn the ENERGY STAR.

In the event that a Rater is not able to determine whether a program requirement has been met (e.g., an alternative method of meeting a checklist requirement has been proposed), then the Rater shall consult their Provider. If the Provider also cannot make this determination, then the Rater or Provider shall report the issue to the EPA prior to project completion at: energystarhomes@energystar.gov and will receive an initial response within 5 business days. If the EPA believes the current program requirements are sufficiently clear to determine whether the item in question has been met, then this guidance will be provided to the partner and enforced beginning with the house in question. In contrast, if the EPA believes the program requirements require revisions to make the intent clear, then this guidance will be provided to the partner but only enforced for homes permitted after a specified transition period after the release of the revised program requirements, typically 60 days in length.

This will allow the EPA to make formal policy decisions as partner questions arise and to disseminate these policy decisions through the [Policy Record](#) and the periodic release of revised program documents to ensure consistent application of the program requirements.



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Exhibit 1: ENERGY STAR Reference Design Home Summary ¹¹

The following table summarizes the key efficiency features in the ENERGY STAR Reference Design Home, which is modeled to determine the ENERGY STAR ERI Target that a home must meet to be certified. While it is not mandatory to include these measures, if they are not used then other measures of equivalent efficiency will be needed to achieve the ENERGY STAR ERI Target.

In addition, note that the Mandatory Requirements for All Certified Homes, Exhibit 2, contain additional requirements such as total duct leakage limits and minimum allowed fenestration performance. Therefore, the EPA recommends that partners review the documents in Exhibit 2 prior to selecting measures.

Cooling Equipment (Where Provided)							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cooling equipment modeled at the applicable efficiency levels below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 13.7 SEER2 AC, • Heat pump (See Heating Equipment) 							
Heating Equipment							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heating equipment modeled at the applicable efficiency levels below, dependent on fuel and system type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 80 AFUE gas furnace, • 80 AFUE oil furnace, • 80 AFUE boiler, • 6.9 HSPF2 / 13.7 SEER2 air-source heat pump with electric or dual-fuel backup 							
Envelope, Windows, & Doors							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A radiant barrier: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HI: Modeled if more than 10 linear ft. of ductwork are located in an unconditioned attic. • GU / NMI: Modeled in all homes. • Insulation levels modeled to Grade I installation per ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301. • Ceiling insulation level modeled at R-30. • Wall insulation level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HI: Modeled at R-13. • GU / NMI: Walls modeled without insulation. • Foundation walls and floors over unconditioned space modeled without insulation. • Infiltration rate modeled at 6 ACH50. • Windows and doors modeled as illustrated below: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px; border-collapse: collapse; width: 60%;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Window U-Value:</td> <td style="padding: 2px; text-align: right;">0.60</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Window SHGC:</td> <td style="padding: 2px; text-align: right;">0.27</td> </tr> </table> 				Window U-Value:	0.60	Window SHGC:	0.27
Window U-Value:	0.60						
Window SHGC:	0.27						
Door U-value:	Opaque: 0.21	$\leq \frac{1}{2}$ lite: 0.27	$> \frac{1}{2}$ lite: 0.32				
Door SHGC:	Opaque: Any	$\leq \frac{1}{2}$ lite: 0.30	$> \frac{1}{2}$ lite: 0.30				
Water Heater							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DHW equipment modeled with the following efficiency levels, dependent on fuel and system type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If Rated Home fuel type is electric and / or solar, a solar system with electric backup modeled with solar fraction of 90%. • Otherwise, a gas condensing system modeled with 0.80 UEF. 							
Thermostat & Ductwork							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Programmable thermostat modeled. • Supply ducts in unconditioned attics modeled with R-8 insulation; all other ducts in unconditioned space modeled with R-6 insulation. • Duct leakage to outdoors modeled at the greater of ≤ 4 CFM25 per 100 sq. ft. of conditioned floor area or ≤ 40 CFM25. 							
Lighting & Appliances							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ENERGY STAR refrigerators, dishwashers, and ceiling fans modeled. • ENERGY STAR light bulbs modeled in 80% of ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301-defined Qualifying Light Fixture Locations. 							



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Exhibit 2: Mandatory Requirements for All Certified Homes

Party Responsible	Mandatory Requirements ¹²
Rater	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completion of SFNH Caribbean and Pacific Rater Design Review Checklist, Version 3 ¹³ • Completion of SFNH Caribbean and Pacific Rater Field Checklist, Version 3 ¹³ <p>Note: Homes certified under Rev. 14 of the Pacific Program Requirements, Version 3, shall use Rev. 12 of the SFNH Caribbean and Pacific Rater Design Review Checklist and SFNH Caribbean and Pacific Rater Field Checklist, Version 3, which can be found in the Archives.</p>
HVAC System Designer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completion of SFNH National HVAC Design Report, Version 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3
HVAC Installing Contractor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completion of SFNH National HVAC Commissioning Checklist, Version 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3

Exhibit 3: Benchmark Home ¹⁰

Bedrooms in Home to be Built	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Conditioned Floor Area Benchmark Home	1,000	1,000	1,600	2,200	2,800	3,400	4,000	4,600	5,200

Footnotes:

1. A modular home is a prefabricated home that is made of multiple modules or sections that are manufactured and substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant. These pre-built sections are transported to the building site and constructed by a builder to meet all applicable building codes for site-built homes.
2. A Dwelling, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301, is any building that contains one or two Dwelling Units used, intended, or designed to be built, used, rented, leased, let or hired out to be occupied, or that are occupied for living purposes. ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301 defines a Dwelling Unit as a single unit providing complete independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation.
3. A Townhouse, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301, is a single-family Dwelling Unit constructed in a group of three or more attached units in which each unit extends from the foundation to roof and with open space on at least two sides.
4. If permitted prior to July 1, 2021, the following are also eligible to participate in the ENERGY STAR SFNH program:
 - Dwelling units ² in any multifamily building with 4 units or fewer; OR
 - Dwelling units in multifamily buildings with 3 stories or fewer above-grade; OR
 - Dwelling units in multifamily buildings with 4 or 5 stories above-grade where dwelling units occupy 80% or more of the occupiable square footage of the building. When evaluating mixed-use buildings for eligibility, exclude commercial / retail space when assessing whether the 80% threshold has been met.

Any above-grade story with 20% or more occupiable space, including commercial space, shall be counted towards the total number of stories for the purpose of determining eligibility to participate in the program. The definition of an 'above-grade story' is one for which more than half of the gross surface area of the exterior walls is above-grade. All below-grade stories, regardless of type, shall not be included when evaluating eligibility.

Per ASHRAE 62.2-2010, occupiable space is any enclosed space inside the pressure boundary and intended for human activities or continual human occupancy, including, but not limited to, areas used for living, sleeping, dining, and cooking, toilets, closets, halls, storage and utility areas, and laundry areas.

5. While certification will result in compliance with many code requirements, a Rater is not responsible for ensuring that all code requirements have been met prior to certification. For more information about how these program requirements help satisfy code requirements, visit: www.energystar.gov/newhomesguidance. In the event that a code requirement, a manufacturer's installation instructions, or an engineering document conflict with a requirement of the ENERGY STAR program, then the conflicting requirement within these program requirements shall not be met. Certification shall only be allowed if the Rater has determined that no equivalent option is available that could meet the conflicting requirement. Note that a home must still meet its ENERGY STAR ERI Target. Therefore, other efficiency measures may be needed to compensate for the omission of the conflicting requirement.
6. The term 'Provider' refers to an Approved Rating Provider, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301, that is approved by an HCO.
7. The term 'Rater' refers to the person(s) completing the third-party verification required for certification. The person(s) shall: a) be a Certified Rater or Approved Inspector, as defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301, or an equivalent designation as determined by an HCO; and, b) have attended and successfully completed an EPA-recognized training class. See www.energystar.gov/newhomestraining.
8. HCOs are independent organizations recognized by the EPA to implement an ENERGY STAR certification program for single-family and multifamily homes and apartments using an Energy Rating Index (ERI) compliance path. Learn more and find a current list of HCOs at www.energystar.gov/hco.



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9. The software program shall automatically determine (i.e., without relying on a user-configured ENERGY STAR Reference Design) this target for each rated home by following the Pacific ERI Target Procedure, Version 3 (Rev. 14), available at www.energystar.gov/newhomesrequirements.
10. The average-size home with a specific number of bedrooms is termed the "Benchmark Home". The conditioned floor area of a Benchmark Home (CFA_{Benchmark Home}) is determined by selecting the appropriate value from Exhibit 3. For homes with more than 8 bedrooms, the CFA_{Benchmark Home} shall be determined by multiplying 600 sq. ft. by the total number of bedrooms & adding 400 sq. ft.
A bedroom is defined by ANSI / RESNET / ICC 301-2014 as a room or space 70 sq. ft. or greater size, with egress window and closet, used or intended to be used for sleeping. A "den", "library", or "home office" with a closet, egress window, and 70 sq. ft. or greater size or other similar rooms shall count as a bedroom, but living rooms and foyers shall not.
An egress window, as defined in 2009 IRC section R310, shall refer to any operable window that provides for a means of escape and access for rescue in the event of an emergency. The egress window definition has been summarized for convenience. The egress window shall:
 - have a sill height of not more than 44 in. above the floor; AND
 - have a minimum net clear opening of 5.7 sq. ft.; AND
 - have a minimum net clear opening height of 24 in.; AND
 - have a minimum net clear opening width of 20 in.; AND
 - be operational from the inside of the room without the use of keys, tools or special knowledge
11. While the corresponding ERI Target Procedure specifies air conditioners and heat pumps using SEER and HSPF, in this document they have been [converted](#) to the current rating metrics, SEER2 and HSPF2, assuming a ducted split system. Similarly, while water heaters have been specified using Energy Factor (EF), in this document they have been [converted](#) to Uniform Energy Factor (UEF). Note that the efficiency levels of ENERGY STAR certified products aligned with these product specifications when this Version was first released. These efficiency features form the basis of the ENERGY STAR ERI target, regardless of any subsequent revisions to ENERGY STAR certified product specifications. The EPA recommends, but does not require, that current ENERGY STAR products be included in ENERGY STAR homes. For current ENERGY STAR products, visit www.energystar.gov/products.
12. A home without a split air conditioner, unitary air conditioner, air-source heat pump, or water-source (i.e., geothermal) heat pump up to 65 kBtuh with a forced-air distribution system (i.e., ducts) and without a furnace up to 225 kBtuh with a forced-air distribution system (i.e., ducts) is:
 - Exempted from compliance with Sections 3 through 5 of the National HVAC Design Report
 - Exempted from compliance with the National HVAC Commissioning Checklist
 - Exempted from compliance with Sections 1, 2, and 5 of the Rev. 12 Caribbean and Pacific Rater Field Checklist
13. A home with a split air conditioner, unitary air conditioner, air-source heat pump, or water-source (i.e., geothermal) heat pump up to 65 kBtuh is permitted to complete the National Rater Design Review Checklist, Version 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3, and National Rater Field Checklist, Version 3.1 / 3.2 / 3.3, in lieu of these Caribbean and Pacific Checklists. In such cases, the Rater is required to keep electronic or hard copies of the completed and signed National Rater checklists and either an HVAC design report compliant with ANSI / RESNET / ACCA / ICC 310, and the National HVAC Design Supplement to Std. 310 for Dwellings & Units, for homes using Track A, or the National HVAC Design Report for homes using Track B.