1 OVERVIEW

The following test method shall be used for determining product compliance with requirements in the ENERGY STAR Eligibility Criteria for Audio/Video.

2 APPLICABILITY

ENERGY STAR test requirements are dependent upon the feature set of the product under evaluation. The following guidelines shall be used to determine the applicability of each section of this document:

- Power mode tests (Section 7) shall be performed on every product;
- Optical disc player tests (Section 8) shall be performed on any product capable of playback of audio and/or video stored on optical media (e.g., CD, SA-CD, DVD, Blu-ray Disc); and
- Audio amplification tests (Section 9) shall be performed on any product that offers Audio Amplification.
- Tests of the auto-power down (APD) function (Section 7.1) shall be performed on all products except those subject to 3rd-party performance standards that prohibit APD.

Example: A typical Home Theater in a Box (HTIB) system with an integrated DVD player/recorder and audio amplifiers would be subject to the power mode tests in Section 7, several of the optical disc player tests in Section 8, and the full-spectrum audio amplifier tests in Section 9. In contrast, a stand-alone rack-mount audio amplifier would likely only be subject to the power mode tests in Section 7 and the full-spectrum audio amplifier tests in Section 9.

3 DEFINITIONS

Unless otherwise specified, all terms used in this document are consistent with the definitions contained in the ENERGY STAR Eligibility Criteria for Audio/Video.

4 TEST SETUP

A) Test Setup and Instrumentation: Test setup and instrumentation for all portions of this procedure shall be in accordance with the requirements of IEC 62301, Ed. 2.0, “Measurement of Household Appliance Standby Power”, Section 4, “General Conditions for Measurements.” In the event of conflicting requirements, the ENERGY STAR test method shall take precedence.

B) Input Power: Input power shall be as specified in Table 1 and Table 2.
Table 1: Input Power Requirements for Products with Nameplate Rated Power less than or equal to 1500 W

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Market</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Voltage Tolerance</th>
<th>Maximum Total Harmonic Distortion</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Frequency Tolerance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>North America, Taiwan</td>
<td>115 V ac</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
<td>2.0 %</td>
<td>60 Hz</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe, Australia, New Zealand</td>
<td>230 V ac</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
<td>2.0 %</td>
<td>50 Hz</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>100 V ac</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
<td>2.0 %</td>
<td>50 Hz/60 Hz</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: Input Power Requirements for Products with Nameplate Rated Power greater than 1500 W

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Market</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Voltage Tolerance</th>
<th>Maximum Total Harmonic Distortion</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Frequency Tolerance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>North America, Taiwan</td>
<td>115 V ac</td>
<td>+/- 4.0 %</td>
<td>5.0 %</td>
<td>60 Hz</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe, Australia, New Zealand</td>
<td>230 V ac</td>
<td>+/- 4.0 %</td>
<td>5.0 %</td>
<td>50 Hz</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>100 V ac</td>
<td>+/- 4.0 %</td>
<td>5.0 %</td>
<td>50 Hz/60 Hz</td>
<td>+/- 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C) Ambient Temperature: Ambient temperature shall be from 18 °C to 28 °C.
D) Relative Humidity: Relative humidity shall be from 10% to 80%.

5 TEST CONDUCT

A) As-shipped Condition: Products must be tested in their “as-shipped” configuration. For products that offer a choice of user-configurable options, all options shall be set to their default condition. If the device has different low power modes that can be manually selected, the measurement shall be taken with the device in the version of the mode that the power button on the remote control or front panel will initiate.

B) Unit Under Test (UUT) Control: The UUT shall be controlled with the factory-supplied remote control (I/R or RF) to the extent possible. For units that do not ship with a remote control, or for functions that cannot be exercised with the supplied remote control, control interfaces on the face or body of the UUT may be used.

C) Measurement Location: All power measurements shall be taken at a point between the ac power source and the UUT.

D) Multi-component Systems: For products composed of multiple components in separate housings, all components shall be connected together in a typical end-use configuration. Power shall be measured at each unique plug connection to the power source.

E) Signal Input Location: If the UUT does not have accessible signal input terminals, test signal input may be through the device antenna, optical disc player, or other accessible means typical of customer use.
F) **Audio Sources:** A 1 kHz sine wave input signal shall be used as the audio source for all amplifier tests in Section 9. For stereo testing, sine wave signals shall be in-phase, with identical frequency.

G) **Video Sources:** SD and HD “dynamic broadcast” video content from IEC 62087 Ed. 3.0 shall be used as the video source for optical disc player tests in Section 8.

H) **Option to Test with Only HD Video Sources:** If the UUT is found to have negligible differences in power when processing SD and HD video sources, tests with SD video sources may be eliminated, and all testing performed only with HD video sources.

I) **Output Volume:** UUT output volume shall be set to minimum for the duration of all tests except as noted in the audio amplifier test procedures in Section 9.

J) **Battery Powered Devices:** If the UUT contains rechargeable batteries, or can be integrated with another device that contains rechargeable batteries, all batteries shall be fully charged prior to the start of testing and shall remain in place for the duration of testing.

K) **Amplifiers:**
   1) For devices with multiple independent audio amplifiers, all amplifiers shall be connected and tested simultaneously.
   2) Products that offer surround sound processing shall be tested in the default surround sound mode.

L) **Speaker Outputs:**
   1) If the UUT includes speaker outputs, connect a resistive load across each pair of output terminals equivalent to the minimum nominal rated load impedance (e.g., 6 ohm if rated 6–8 ohm). The same resistive load shall be used for all amplifier tests.
   2) For self-powered or internal speakers with no accessible output terminals, output power must be measured across the speaker input leads, using the attached speaker as the load.

M) **AV Signal Interconnections:** If the UUT offers several audio and video interconnection options, select and configure the system with one of the following interconnections, in order of preference: HDMI, component, S-video, and composite. Only the connections needed to perform the test shall be connected at the time of test.

N) **Networking / Control Protocols:** If the UUT offers several Networking / Control Protocol options, each must be active and tested through all phases of the test procedure. Protocols may be either:
   1) Configured independently, with testing repeated for each available option; or
   2) Configured simultaneously, in order to expedite testing.

6 **PRE-TEST UUT INITIALIZATION**

A) Prior to the start of testing, the UUT shall be initialized as follows:
   1) Set up the UUT per the instructions in the supplied operating manual.
   2) If the UUT includes rechargeable batteries, ensure that all batteries are in a fully-charged state.
   3) Connect the UUT to the power source.
   4) Power on the UUT and perform initial system configuration, as applicable.
   5) Ensure that all audio tone controls are set to mid-level.
   6) Ensure that UUT settings (display brightness, etc.) are in their as-shipped configuration.
   7) Connect the UUT to the signal source and test equipment. The input signal shall comply with the requirements in Section 5, above.
7 TEST PROCEDURES FOR ALL PRODUCTS

The following tests shall be performed on all products.

7.1 Auto Power Down (APD) Function

1) Configure the UUT in a typical On Mode, Active State, with APD timing set to the default value.
2) Stop the UUT from performing any Primary Functions and turn off any input signal applied to active AV inputs to cause the UUT to APD.
3) Begin measuring the elapsed time to APD after the product ceases performance of all Primary Functions due to disconnection of signal.
4) Measure and record the average power before APD over a 2 minute period.
5) Allow the UUT to automatically power-down.
6) Verify that the device is in the expected APD low-power state and record the time to APD.
7) Measure and record the average power after APD over a 2 minute period.

7.2 Idle State

1) Configure the UUT in a typical Sleep Mode or Off Mode operational state.
2) Press the power button or otherwise switch the unit into an On Mode operational state, such that no active content is playing.
3) Wait at least 60 seconds.
4) Measure and record the average power over a 2 minute period.

7.3 Sleep Mode

1) Configure the UUT in a typical On Mode operational state.
2) Switch the UUT into a Sleep Mode low-power operational state.
3) Measure and record the average power over a 2 minute period.

8 TEST PROCEDURES FOR OPTICAL DISC PLAYERS

The following tests shall be performed on any product capable of playback or recording of audio and/or video on optical disc media (e.g., CD, DVD, Blu-ray Disc). Tests shall be performed with both SD and HD video sources for devices capable of processing both SD and HD content.

8.1 Video Playback Test

1) Insert / install the removable media and begin playback of IEC 62087 SD video content.
2) Measure and record the average power over a 2 minute period.
3) If the UUT is capable of playing HD content, repeat the test with IEC 62087 HD video content and record the average power over a 2 minute period.
8.2 Audio Playback Test

1) Insert / install the optical disc media with a 1 kHz sine wave signal per Section 5.F) and begin playback.

2) Measure and record the average power ($P_{DISC}$) over a 2 minute period.

9 TEST PROCEDURES FOR PRODUCTS WITH AUDIO AMPLIFICATION

1) Connect an input of the UUT to a generated 1 kHz sine wave input signal per Section 5.F).

   i) For devices that accept only digital input signals, generate a representation of a 1 kHz sine wave.

   ii) For devices without AV inputs, play back an audio disc with a 1 kHz sine wave signal per Section 8.2.

   iii) If 1 kHz is outside the range of any bandwidth-limited channel in the UUT and the UUT has AV inputs, sweep the input signal frequency between the upper and lower -3 dB points of each channel. Record the input signal frequency when the UUT input power is at its maximum and use this frequency for the bandwidth-limited channel for the remainder of the test.

2) Monitor each channel, one at a time, with a distortion analyzer and power meter.

3) Set the volume of the UUT to 100% and adjust the amplitude of the input signal until the THD of one or more channels is 1% or greater. For devices without AV inputs that are tested with an audio disc, adjust the volume until the THD of any single channel is 1% or greater.

4) Identify the channel or channels with the greatest output power. These shall be considered the reference channels and their output power shall be considered the Maximum Undistorted Power (MUP).1

5) Measure and record the input power.

6) Reduce the input signal amplitude until the output power of the reference channel(s) is at 1/8 MUP. For devices without AV inputs that are tested with an audio disc, adjust the volume until the output power of the reference channel(s) is at 1/8 MUP.

7) Measure and record the input power ($P_{IN}$).

8) With the reference channel(s) at 1/8 MUP, measure and record the output power for all channels, averaged over a 2 minute period. Record the sum ($P_{OUT}$) of all output power measurements.

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1 If the UUT performs signal processing such that the amplifier output does not clip, maximum undistorted power shall be obtained by monitoring input signal amplitude and output power simultaneously to identify the point beyond which output power remains constant despite increases in input signal amplitude.